

Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the 13th fiscal year (from 1.1.2014 to 31.12.2014)

Public Power Corporation S.A

Emmanuel Panagiotakis Chairman & Chief Executive Officer of PPC

Athens, July 13, 2015

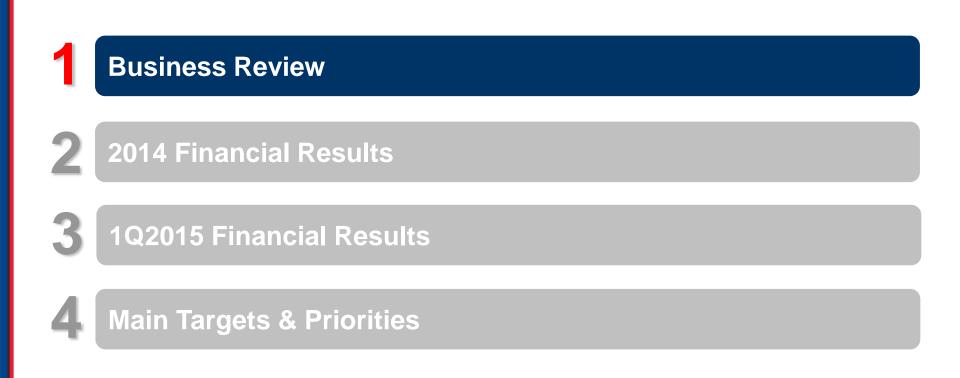


13th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders



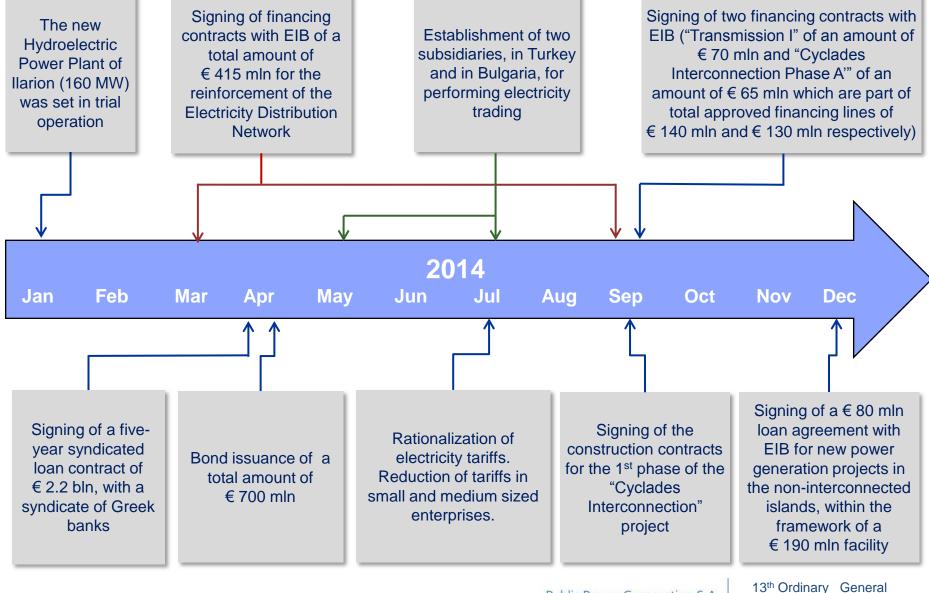


13th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders





2014 – Significant developments





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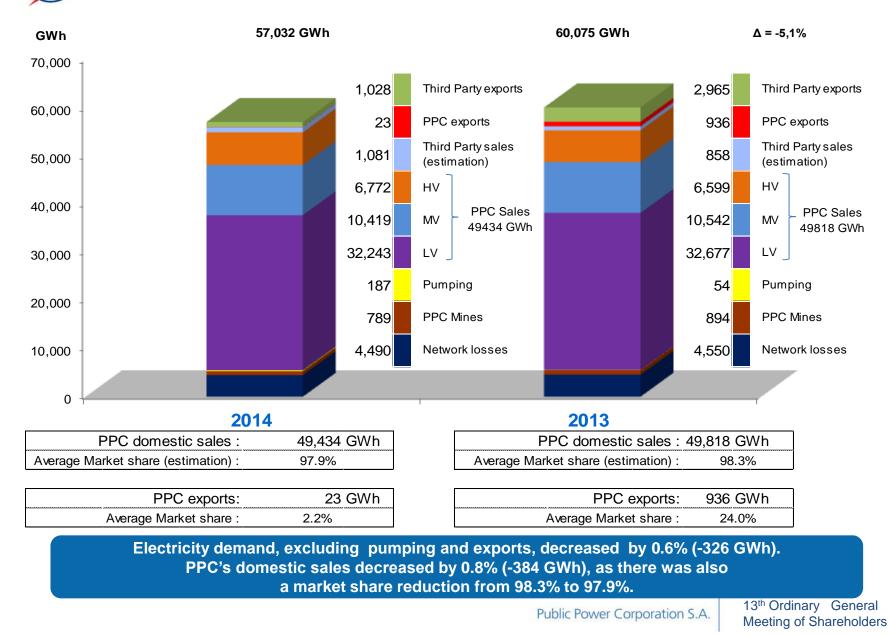


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1Q2015 Financial Results

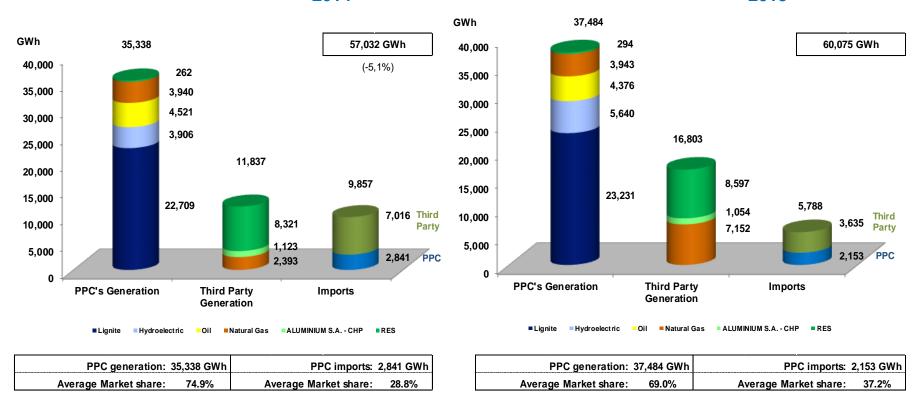
Main Targets & Priorities





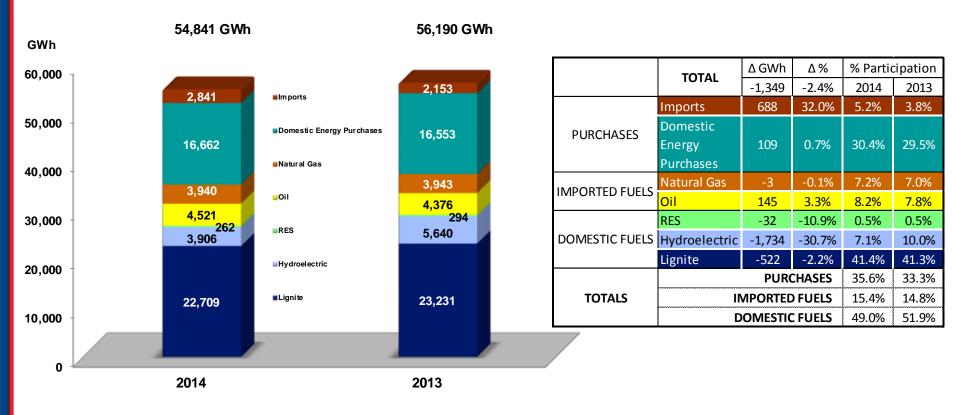
Electricity Generation and Imports 2014 / 2013

2014



In 2014, PPC's electricity generation and imports, covered 66.9% of total demand, while the corresponding percentage in 2013 was 66%.

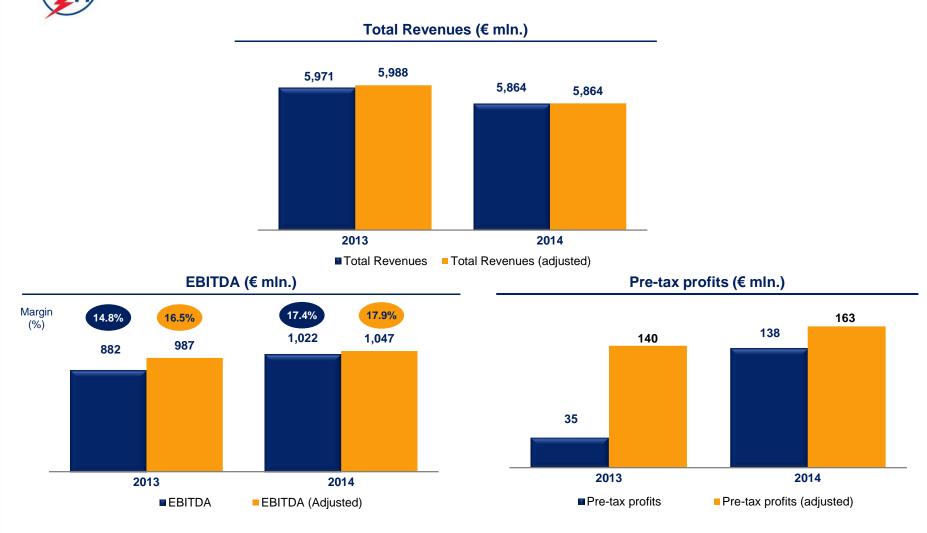
PPC/ Energy Generation and Purchases (in GWh) 2014 / 2013



In 2014, electricity generation from lignite decreased by 2.2% (-522 GWh) compared to 2013. In the same period the percentage participation of lignite in PPC's total energy mix, remained practically stable at 41.4% vs 41.3% in 2013.

Energy purchases (excluding PPC's imports) from the System and the Network marginally increased by 0.7% (109 GWh). Natural gas-fired generation remained practically at the 2013 level settling at 3,940 GWh, while hydro generation marked a considerable decrease of 30.7% (-1,734 GWh) compared to 2013.

Evolution of key financial results of the Group 2014 / 2013



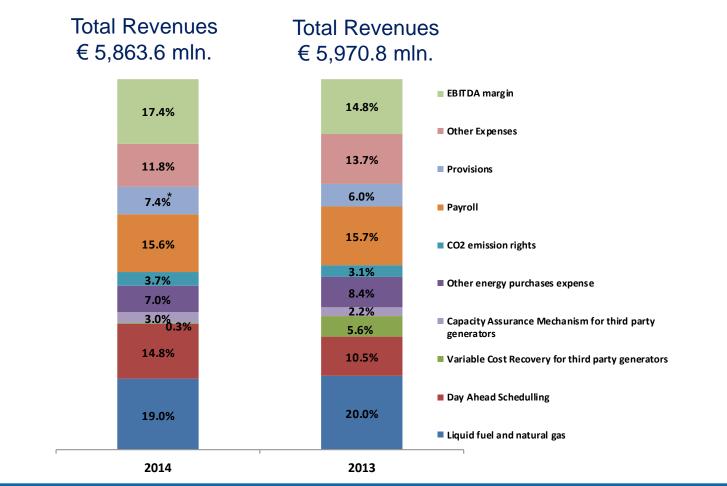
Note: Adjusted figures exclude the one-off impact of non-recurring items

Significant savings of controllable expenses



- The cumulative savings from the reduction of total payroll cost amounted to approximately € 2.8 bln in the last five years.
- Other controllable expenses, mainly referring to expenses for third party contractors and materials' consumption, decreased by € 45 mln in 2014.

Fuel, CO₂, other expenses and EBITDA as percentage of revenues (2014 / 2013)

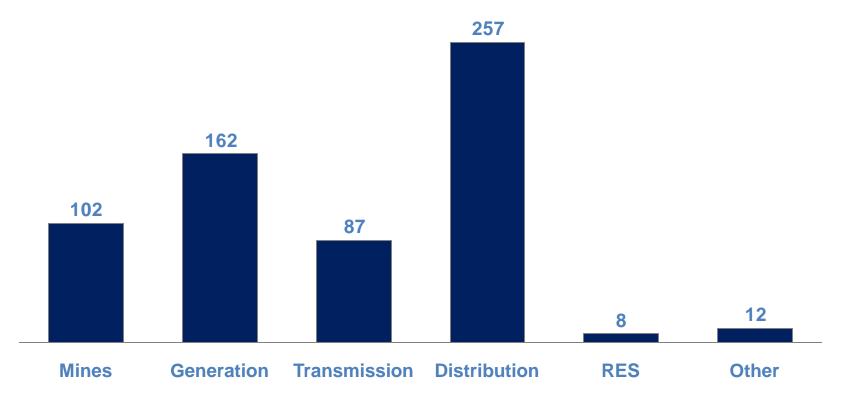


In 2014, 47.8% of total revenues were expensed for fuel, CO₂ and energy purchases compared to 49.8% in 2013. It is noted that, energy purchases expense in 2014 accounted for 25.1% of total revenues compared to 26.7% in 2013. Regarding the evolution of provisions, excluding the one-off provision for the LAGIE deficit, these represent 6.5% of total revenues compared to 6.0% last year. The relevant percentage for payroll remained practically stable at 15.6%.

* Provisions in 2014 include a negative impact of € 48.3 m for the cover of the deficit of LAGIE created in the Day-Ahead Schedule market (DAS) during 2011 and 2012 by alternative suppliers that exited the market.



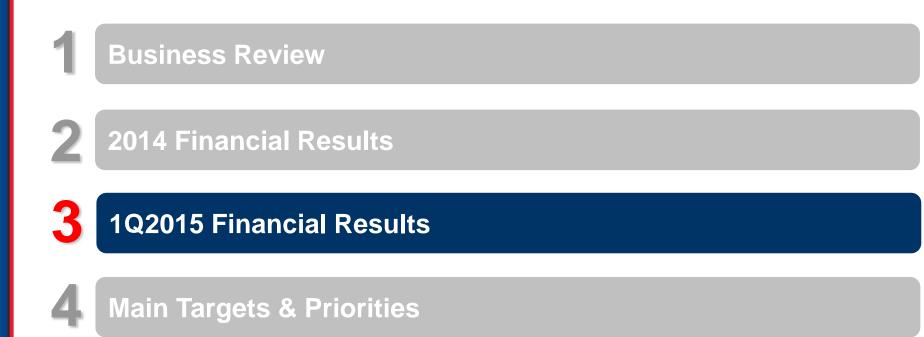
□ Capital expenditure in 2014 amounted to € 628 mln. compared to € 718 mln. in 2013



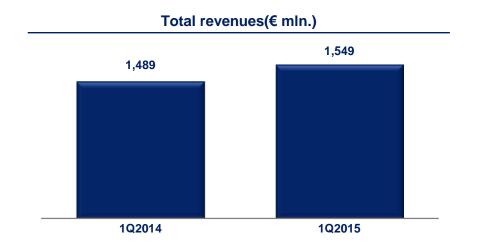
Increase of net debt by € 468 mln from € 4,524 mln on 31/12/2013 to € 4,992 mln. on 31/12/2014 due to increased working capital needs including a net outflow of about € 190 m. for the rendering of the last part of the Special Property Tax and the extraordinary payment of € 48.3 m. against the LAGIE deficit.

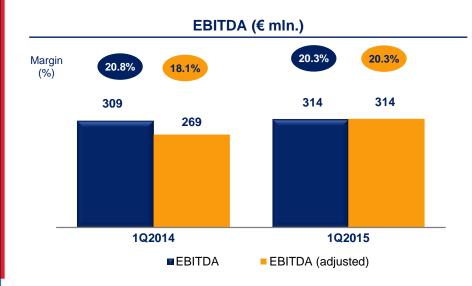


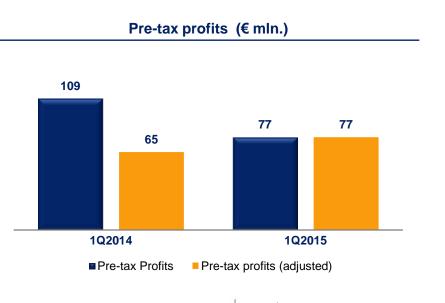
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Evolution of financial results of the Group 1Q2015 / 1Q2014



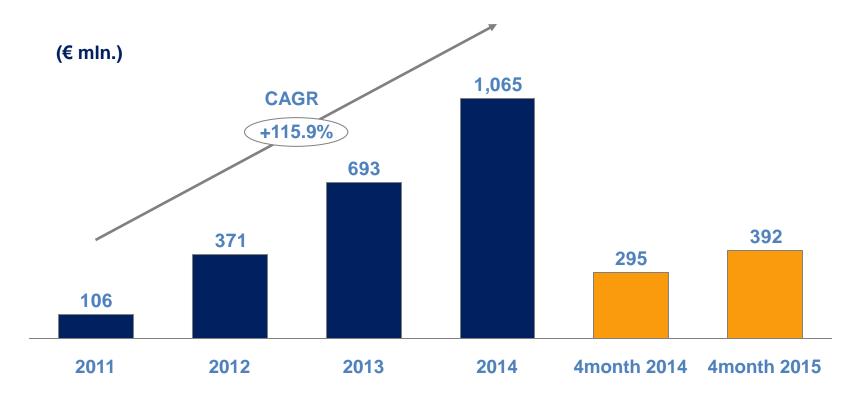




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RES levy charge in electricity bills (incl. VAT) 2011-2015



- Significant increase of RES levy during the last years.
- RES levy does not represent revenue for PPC, but it significantly burdens the final amount of electricity bills that the Greek consumers have to pay.
- PPC is obliged to render the RES levy even if it has not collected it.

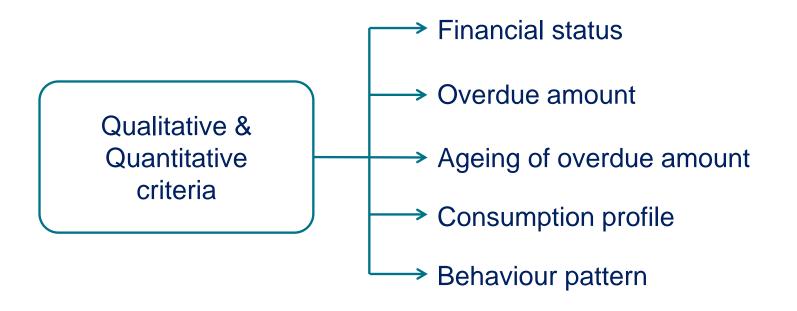






Improvement of collection

Focused actions to specific customer categories based on qualitative and quantitative criteria.





✓ <u>Reduction of the electricity cost</u>

MEASURES AND ACTIONS TO REDUCE THE ELECTRICITY COST

Main areas under consideration:

- Type of remuneration of generation units for their available capacity
- Possibility for the country to obtain free CO₂ emission rights
- Improvement of the conditions regarding the exploitation of Mines and the quality of lignite



Main targets – Priorities (3/4)

✓ <u>Restructuring of Electricity Market</u>

Market operation aiming at reducing the prices for end consumers

- Minimization of regulatory interventions
- Objective operation of bodies
- Clear market rules

- Retail Market
- Need for risk and investments
- NOME



Main targets – Priorities (4/4)

Implementation of our Strategic Capex Plan

Renewal of PPC's generation units portfolio aiming at improving efficiency and environmental footprint



Key projects:

- Start of testing operation of the new natural gas fired unit Megalopolis V, 811 MW
- Ptolemais V, 660 MW (new technology lignite unit with lower CO₂ emissions)
- South Rhodes power plant, 115.4 MW (modern diesel power plant burning low sulfur HFO)
- Hydro power plants, total capacity 191 MW
- Environmental upgrades (i.e. Ag. Dimitrios lignite units, total capacity 1,595 MW)

Implementation of projects in Renewables



Transmission System and Distribution Network capex



Focus on:

- Wind power projects in Aegean islands, total capacity 161 MW
- Geothermal energy projects, total capacity 14 MW (Kimolos, Lesvos, Nisyros, Methana)
- Cyclades interconnection
- Interconnection of Crete
- Reinforcement of Transmission System in Peloponnese
- Reinforcement of Distribution Networks
- Smart Meters



- Corporate Governance
- Administrative Function
- Presence in the EU Institutions and Bodies
- Executives Personnel



Some of the information contained herein includes forward-looking statements. It is noted that the Group is subject to various risks, which, among other, relate to \notin exchange rate, oil, natural gas, electricity prices and the price of CO₂ emission rights, as well as changes in the market, legal, regulatory and fiscal framework and bad debt evolution, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements.